

Mallard Duck - *Anas platyrhynchos*



- Male has bright green head/pale body
- Female is dull gray
- Found in wetlands

Canada Goose - *Branta Canadensis*



- Herbivores
- Goslings leave nest 24 hours after hatching w/ability to swim and feed
- Most familiar and prevalent goose in N. America

American Crow - *Corvus brachyrhynchos*



- Individual relationships may last years
- Omnivores
- Young Crows remain w/ their parents until they find a home

House Finch - *Agelaius phoeniceus*



- Comes readily to feeders
- Frequently found in urban/suburban settings
- Breeds in close contact w/people

Mourning Dove - *Zenaida macroura*



- Most prevalent game bird in America
- 1 of 10 most abundant birds in U.S.
- Males slightly larger and more colorful than females

Turkey Vulture - *Cathartes aura*



- Soars to scan area for food
- Female is slightly larger than male
- Prefers rangeland/areas of mixed forest

CITY OF
Beachwood

Learn more about the beautiful birds who live in our Beachwood City Parks.

Red-Winged Blackbird - *Agelaius phoeniceus*



- Male vigorously defends territory
- Breed in various wetland/grassy areas

City of Beachwood

City Hall 216-464-1070
Police and Fire 911
www.beachwoodohio.com

American Goldfinch - *Carduelis tristis*



- Changes plumage in winter/summer seasons
- Males are bright yellow; females are olive-colored

Gray Catbird - *Dumetella carolinensis*



- Imitates sounds of other birds
- Distinguishes itself by “mew” sound

Blue Jay - *Cyanocitta cristata*



- Very vocal
- Omnivores
- Form monogamous pairs & stay together year long
- Most often found in wooded areas

Downy Woodpecker - *Picoides pubescens*



- Smallest woodpecker
- Most common American woodpecker
- Males have a red patch on top of head/ females have a white patch

Northern Cardinal - *Cardinalis cardinalis*



- Ohio’s official bird
- Males are bright red; females are tan
- Male defends his territory ferociously

Red-Tailed Hawk - *Buteo jamaicensis*



- Adapted for soaring
- Prey on small animals
- Often seen perched in trees

Song Sparrow - *Melospiza melodia*



- Migration is an individual choice - not an inherited tendency
- Pairs may remain together for multiple seasons

Dark-Eyed Junco - *Junco hyemalis*



- Breeds in coniferous forests
- Spends winters in fields, suburbs, parks
- Females usually paler/browner than males

White-Throated Sparrow - *Zonotrichia albicollis*



- Call note is a distinctive “tseep”
- Occasionally mate w/Dark-Eyed Junco to produce a hybrid